The Daily Gazetteer.

Numb. 2047

MONDAY, JANUARY 11. 1742.

Petersburgh, Dec. 26.

MOST of the State Priſoners in the Fortreſs, particularly the the Count Michael de Golofkin, continue to be treated with very great Civility. The Committee of Enquiry go to examine them ſeveral times in a Week, and one Day they were no leſs than three Hours with the Counts de Munich d Oſterman, and the Baron de Mengden; when we r the main Interrogatory put to them (tho' not a rd is mention'd of it in the Empreſs's Second Mani-o) was, 'What Reaſons they had to adviſe the Prin-ſs of Mecklemburgh to aſcend the Throne, and not ly to exclude her Imperial Majeſty from it, but alſo clap her up in a Convent, on pretence that her Pre-nce diſturb'd the Peace of the State, and that ſhe had o great a Party in the Empire.' We know not what y alledg'd in their Vindication, only that one of 'em in a great Meaſure, clear'd himſelf as to that Article, if the reſt don't acquit themſelves of this Charge, y are to expect no Favour. In order to come at all Circumſtances of this Matter, the Empreſs was told ome Perſons that ſhe might take into Cuſtody, and ge to declare what they knew; but her Imperial eſty made Anſwer, 'I won't hurt the Innocent. I now that Underlings are oblig'd implicitly to follow e Orders of their Principals, and if I render'd them reſponſible, I ſhould be afraid of committing Injuſtice.' wis this Regard of her's to Equity which made her ity to one of Count Munich's Brothers, who was a ty-Counſellor in the Chancery Court, 'That ſhe had thing to lay to his Charge; that ſhe aſſur'd him of r Good-Will, and that he ſhould feel the Effects of .' As for the Peace with Sweden, tho' 'tis thought be far advanc'd, 'tis altogether as certain, that the Em-rs will not make a diſhonourable Peace, or one that ll give the Lye to her declar'd Reſolution, That ſhe will tread in the Steps of her Father the Emperor Peter e Great.

Dreſden, Jan. 27. *N. S.* The Aid de Camp to the Chevalier de Saxe, who at preſent commands the Saxons Bohemia, came hither two Days ago, and reports, upon Advice that the Prince de Lobkowitz had aſ-bled 13 Auſtrian Regiments of Foot and 85 Squa-ons at Teutſchbrod, the Saxon and French Generals rch'd thither, and ſummon'd it to ſurrender on the Inſtant at nine in the Morning, at which very Inſtant was inform'd that the Enemy had the Night before hdrawn almoſt all their Troops from that Place and Neighbourhood. A Captain who was left there with o Men demanded free Leave to go out, but he was ig'd to ſurrender with his Gariſon Priſoners of War.

HOME PORTS.

Portſmouth, Jan. 8. Since my laſt came in the Bonetta, mberlain, from Oporto; the St. John Sloop, Domi-o Aomero, from Sherbrook; his Majeſty's Ships the , Capt. Newnham, and the Fly, Capt. Smith, both m Lisbon.

At Spithead are his Majeſty's Ships the Royal George, ke, Sandwich, Flamborough, Scipio, and Fly.

Deal, Jan. 8. Wind E. N. E. Remains in the Downs e William Tender.

Deal, Jan. 9. Wind N. E. No Ship in the Downs.

Arrived

At Portſmouth, the Young Neptune, Winter, from maica.

At Exeter, the Elizabeth, Millis, from Oporto.

At Briſtol, the St. Antonio e Almas, ———, from O-rto for London.

At Oporto, the Port Merchant, Friend, and the Jemi-, Cockle, both from London; the Diana, Bull, from .

At Madeira, the Goſport Man of War and the Cruizer op of War, both from Spithead; the Minabella, Blake, Judith, Bradſhaw, and the Succeſs, Cumberford, all m London; the Smith, Biligard, from Briſtol; the olina, Thompſon, from Cork; the Glaſgow, Marſhal, m Amſterdam; the Phenix, Anſell, from Gibraltar; the Francis and Ann, Bedford, from Philadelphia.

At Antigua, the Briſtol Merchant, Wigham, from Bri-, and the Cheſterfield, Woods, from Africa.

LONDON, January 11.

From the London Gazette.

Whitehall, Jan. 8. A Letter from Capt. Hervey, Com-nder of his Majeſty's Ship the Superbe, dated in Kin-'s Harbour, into which he had been driven by contrary Winds, gives the following Account: That in his Paſſage from the Weſt Indies, in the Latitude of 33: 20. Longi-tude 65. Weſt, he had taken a Spaniſh Ship called the Conſtante, of 24 Guns and 64 Men, between 3 and 400 Tons, who came from the Caracca's, bound for the Ca-naries, laden with Cocoa; and that there ſail'd from La Guerra with her two more Ships, the St. Anna of 54 Guns, and the St. Jago of 34 Guns, both bound for St. Sebaſtians. Advice is likewiſe brought by the Superbe, that Capt. Broderick in the Shoreham had, in his Cruize off Cathagena, taken a Champana, laden partly with Bale Goods that were of the Cargo of the Galleons, going for Mempos, and partly Money, which together are com-puted at near 80,000 Piece of Eight Value, and that the Shoreham was ſince ſtation'd at Cape Francois, to cruize on the Spaniſh Privateers, for the Security of the Trade from the Northern Colonies. Alſo, that the Auguſta had chaſed a Spaniſh Privateer into Port Francois, and re-taken a Prize from her; and had likewiſe taken and ſent into Jamaica, a Spaniſh Caracca's Ship of 300 Tons and 53 Men, which came from the Havanna the 5th of Au-guſt N.S. bound to the Coaſt of Caracca's, but loſing her Maſt in her Paſſage, was going to Port Francois to refit; but the Governor of the Havanna, ſtraitened for Money, had taken out of her 80,000 Pieces of Eight for the Ur-gencies of the publick Service. There are likwiſe Let-ters by the Superbe, which mention the Death of Don Blas de Lezo at Carthagena, and give the following Ac-count of what had happen'd ſome time before at the Ha-vanna, viz. That Don Rodrigo de Torres, the Spaniſh Ad-miral, ſailed from Carthagena in the Santa Anna, but that Ship was run aground on the Rocks in their going into the Havanah, and had beat off half her Keel, for which they had been oblig'd to careen her: That the Admiral had then hoiſted his Flag on board the Invincible, a new Ship built at the Havanna and never at Sea, which was ſoon after blown up by Lightning, and in her four Mil-lions of Pieces of Eight; that the Ship having lain within Piſtol-ſhot of the Walls, the Town was deſerted by every body whilſt ſhe was burning; that two Churches had been extremely damag'd by the Blaſt, and the Dome of the principal one muſt be taken down to repair it; that Don Rodrigo de Torres had himſelf narrowly eſcap'd in his Boat, and that the next Ship in which he hoiſted his Flag, had her Mainmaſt carried away in a Thunder Storm in two Days after his coming aboard. Some Letters from Jamaica mention, that they had heard there from Carthagena, that Admiral Spinola in the Europa, who went from the Havanna for Vera Cruz, to fetch Money from thence, was loſt in his Paſſage.

Whitehall, Jan. 9. The King has been pleaſed to grant unto Walter Warburton, Gent. the Office of Conſtable of his Majeſty's Caſtle of Cheſter, in the room of George Manwaring, deceaſed.

The King has been pleaſed to appoint the Hon. Henry Compton, Eſq; his Majeſty's Envoy Extraordinary at the Court of Portugal, in the room of the Right Hon the Lord Tyrawley, who deſired to be recalled: And Abra-ham Caſtres, Eſq; his Majeſty's Conſul General at Lisbon, in the room of Henry Compton, Eſq;.

His Majeſty has been pleaſed to appoint Thomas Mar-lay, Eſq; Lord Chief Juſtice of the Court of King's Bench in Ireland, in the room of John Rogerſon, Eſq; deceaſed. And John Bowes, Eſq; Lord Chief Baron of the Court of Exchequer in that Kingdom, in the room of Thomas Marlay, Eſq; and Arthur Dawſon, Eſq; one of the Barons of the Exchequer in that Kingdom, in the room of Sir John St. Leger. And Sr. George Caulfield, Eſq; Attorney General, in the room of John Bowes, Eſq;. And Warden Flood, Eſq; Sollicitor General, in the room of St. George Caulfield, Eſq;. And alſo to grant to Mr. Theophilus Brocas, the Deanry of the Cathedral Church of St. Pa-trick at Killala, in the Djoceſe of Killala, vacant by the Death of Dr. Peter Maturin.

Extract of a Letter from the Hague, of Jan. 13. *N. S.*

'We are greatly perplex'd here by certain Letters 'from Ratisbon, dated the 4th of this Month, which 'bring Advice that a bloody Engagement had happen'd 'in the Upper Auſtria, between the Queen of Hunga-'ry's Forces commanded by Count Khevenhuller, and 'the Bavarians, wherein the latter were totally defeated; 'ſince which it is ſaid that the Auſtrians have re-taken 'Ents and Lintz, and were in full March towards Mu-'nich. What Credit is due to this Account is hard to 'ſay. This however is certain, that Letters from Paſſau, 'dated the 2d, mention the Inroads of the Auſtrian Huſ-'ſars on the Frontiers of Bavaria, on the firſt News of 'which the Officer who commands the Bavarian Troops 'in that City depriv'd the Cardinal Biſhop of the little 'Authority he had ſtill retain'd.

'A Letter is handed about here from an Officer in 'the French Service at Prague, dated Dec. 29. wherein 'are the following Paragraphs. We are very far from 'being ſo eaſy here as People generally imagine. The 'Inhabitants of this City appear extremely dejected, and 'both the Nobility and Peaſants in the Country are at-'tach'd to the Queen of Hungary. We are on the other 'Hand well inform'd, that ſome Reports which began 'to obtain Credit, ſuch as that Count Neuperg and 'Prince Lobkowitz had demanded their Diſmiſſion, are 'groundleſs, as are the Reports of the Deſertion in the 'Auſtrian Army. On the 23d his Royal Highneſs the 'Grand Duke paſs'd the Moldau, in order to attack 'Count Daubigne, who has under his Command a Body 'of French Troops, conſiſting of 20 Batallions and 44 'Squadrons. On his Approach the Count Daubigne 'thought fit to retire, and to repaſs the River Botava, 'after which he fortified his new Poſt at Piska, where 'he waited for his Royal Highneſs, who attack'd the 'Place with great Vigour, notwithſtanding which he 'was, if our Accounts be right, repuls'd with Loſs. 'On the 24th Troops were ſent from hence to ſupport 'Count Daubigne, and ſince that Marſhal Broglio and 'Count Thorin are actually mov'd the ſame Way; 'which induces us to believe that Things do not go ſo 'well as we could wiſh. Here is alſo a Report, that 'Prince Lobkowitz has ſurpriz'd, with a great Body of 'Huſſars and Dragoons, the ſeveral Poſts by which we 'kept a Correſpondence with the Saxon and Pruſſian 'Troops. This Morning it was confidently reported, 'that the Auſtrians had routed moſt of our Parties, and 'that the Grand Duke with his Army were in full March 'in order to give us Battle.'

Extract from a Private Letter from a Gentleman at Paris to his Friend at the Hague, Jan. 11. *N. S.*

'As there is nothing more dangerous, even in the 'ſtrongeſt Conſtitution, than exceſſive Exerciſe, ſo, if 'we may judge from Reaſon or Experience, there is 'nothing more fatal than graſping beyond its Strength, 'even to a powerful State. This ſome able Politicians 'have long ago gueſſed to be our Caſe; and the ſame 'People are of Opinion, that the Truth of their Obſer-'vation will ſhortly become obvious to all the World. 'We talk now of a very advantageous Lottery, which is 'to bring in thirty Millions: The Projectors ſay the 'greateſt Part of this will come from Foreign Countries, 'but conſidering the Condition moſt Parts of Europe 'are in at preſent, and the Share we have had in bring-'ing them into ſuch a Condition, it is not eaſy to gueſs 'what Countries theſe can be. This however is plain, 'even to ordinary Capacities, that we ſtand in need of 'vaſt Sums to carry on our Projects, with which if 'Foreigners do not furniſh us we ſhall be at a Loſs to 'raiſe them.

'In the mean time, Things are far from going ſo 'ſwimmingly as they did. Three Couriers are arriv'd 'this Week from the Marſhal de Belle-Iſle at Francfort, 'but as to the Contents of their Diſpatches we know 'not a Word, any more than we do what paſſes in Bo-'hemia, from whence Advices have been receiv'd this 'very Day. It is however whiſper'd, that there has 'been a bloody Battle in that Country between the Au-'ſtrians and the Allies, to the Diſadvantage of the latter; 'nay, ſome Particulars are talk'd of, which I care not to 'commit to Paper at preſent. However, if Matters can 'but be delay'd till Spring, we ſhall be able to reſtore 'all Things, whereas in this very ſevere Winter we ſhall 'be able to do little or nothing. But the worſt News 'is yet to come, and what aggravates it is, that we have it from a Quarter whence it was leaſt expected.

'The King of Sardinia's Miniſter was at Court on the '28th of laſt Month, and would have preſented a Ma-'niſeſto lately publiſh'd by his Maſter, but it was refuſ'd, 'and ſtrict Orders have been given to all Stationers, 'Printers, and Bookſellers, not to print or publiſh the 'Whole or any Part of this Manifeſto, under very ſevere 'Penalties. Some ſay the Court of Turin has a private 'Underſtanding with that of Spain, while others believe 'it is with the Queen of Hungary. As yet the State of 'Venice and the Duke of Modena have not declar'd 'themſelves for any Party, but it is generally believ'd 'that they will act with the King of Sardinia. As to 'the ſecond Embarkation of Spaniſh Troops for Italy, it 'is talk'd of every Day, but we believe there can be 'nothing done this Seaſon. In a word, Things begin 'to run croſsly as well abroad as at home, and unleſs the 'great Hopes we have form'd of electing the King of 'Bohemia Emperor ſhould take place, there is all the 'Probability that can be, that Affairs will every-where 'change their Face.'

Yeſterday

Yesterday arriv'd a Mail from France, with the Paris A-la-main of Wednesday last, which begins with the following Advices from the Hague, viz.

'We are assur'd, that after the Elector of Bavaria is 'chosen King of the Romans and saluted as Emperor, 'the Dyet of Francfort will proceed to the Choice of a 'new King of the Romans, in favour of the Prince Royal 'of Poland the Electoral Prince of Saxony; tho' such a 'Proceeding is contrary to the 4th Article of the Caro- 'line Capitulation, which forbids the Electors to proceed 'to the Choice of a King of the Romans in the Empe- 'ror's Life-time, unless they are oblig'd to it by urgent 'Necessity, for fear great Inconveniences might result 'from it to the Prejudice of the Welfare and Safety of 'the Roman Empire: But there are certain Conjunctures 'wherein the Letter is not so much to be consulted as 'the Law, and such too when for the sake of a greater 'Good a Construction may be put upon the Law with- 'out transgressing it; and we have Instances whereby 'these Maxims are authorized. When the Law forbad 'the Election of a King of the Romans during the Life 'of the Emperor, the Legislator had a View in this Case 'solely to the Welfare of the Empire, and intended there- 'by to put it out of the Power of an ambitious Empe- 'ror to perpetuate the Imperial Crown in his Family, by 'obliging him at the same time to keep the Oath he 'took not to render it hereditary. The Necessity of re- 'conciling the Interest of the Bavarian and Saxon Fami- 'lies in order to restore Peace to the Empire, and the Op- 'portunity which presents at the same time of hinder- 'ing the Crown of the King of the Romans from being 'perpetuated in one and the same Family, as happen'd to 'that of Austria, authorise the Electoral Circle in giving 'way to this twofold Election; which is sometimes an 'Advantage to the Empire, considering that the King of 'the Romans is the Emperor's Vicar.'

The Capitulation granted to the Garison of Olmutz, which consisted of 1000 Men, is printed and contains 23 Articles, and on the 16th ult. the Garison march'd out with all the military Honours, four Pieces of Cannon, some Ammunition, Baggage, &c. in order to be conducted to Brinn.

Letters from Madrid say, that the Grandees of Spain, the Officers of the Crown, and all the Foreign Ministers at that Court had an Invitation from the Secretary of State, by Order of the King, to be present at the Infanta's Delivery.

The Duke of Holstein Gottorp has receiv'd the Order of St. Andrew from the Empress of Russia, with several costly Jewels and a Bill of Exchange for 100,000 Rubles, and the Empress intends next Spring to form his Court, and to settle a Pension on him.

The Sarah Sloop, Baron, from New York, drove ashore at Madeira the 8th December N.S.

The Lord Lieutenant and Council of Ireland have published a Proclamation for continuing the Embargo laid in October 1740 on all outward-bound Ships and Vessels with Provisions (excepting those design'd for his Majesty's Ships of War, Transports, Land-forces and foreign Garisons) save only as to Butter, the Exportation of which is permitted to the 15th of February and no longer.

Thomas Trotter, Esq; is appointed Judge of the Prerogative Court at Dublin, in the room of Dr. Bland who has resign'd.

Last Week dy'd in Sackville-street the Lady Duke Relict of Sir Edward Duke, Bart. deceased.

SITTINGS appointed in London and Middlesex before the Right Honourable Sir JOHN WILLES Knight, Lord Chief Justice of his Majesty's Court of Common Pleas at Westminster, in and after Hilary-Term, 1741.

Middlesex.		London.	
Thursday	January 28.	Friday	January 29.
Monday	February 1.	Thursday	February 4.
Friday	February 5.	Monday	February 8.
After Term.		After Term.	
Saturday	February 13.	Monday	February 15.

BANKRUPTS.

William House, of the Parish of St. Martin in the Fields, Middlesex, Tire-Smith.

James Corrie, now or late of Stroud, Glocester, Linendraper.

Kemp Bowman, of Bristol, Distiller and Merchant.

High Water this Day at London-Bridge.	Morning	03	11	Evening 03 27

Bank Stock, 135 1-4th. India, Nothing done. South Sea, 103 3-4ths. Old Annuity, 111 5-8ths to 3-4ths. New ditto, 111 1-half to 5-8ths. Three per Cent. 100. Seven per Cent. Loan, Nothing done. Five per Cent. ditto Nothing done. Royal Assurance, 89 London Assurance, 11. African, 10. India Bonds, 3 l. 19 s. to 4 l. Premium. Bank Circulation, 3 l. to 2 s. 6 d. Premium. Salt Tallies, Nothing done. English Copper, 3 l. 15 s. Welsh ditto, 15 s. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders, Nothing done. Three per Cent. ditto, Nothing done. Million Bank, 113. Equivalent, 112.

Admiralty-Office, January 6, 1741.

HIS *Majesty's Ship the* Princess Carolina, *which is fitting for the Sea at Plymouth, being now out of the Dock, and wanted on immediate Service; It is the Direction of my Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, that the Men belonging to her, who are absent from their Duty, do immediately repair on board the said Ship, on pain of Loss of their Wages, and of being taken up and tried for Desertion. And their Lordships are pleased to let the said Men know, that they shall not be turned over into any other Ship; and that they shall be paid the Wages due to them to the 30th of June last, before they proceed to Sea.*

Tho. Corbett.

Admiralty Office, January 6, 1741.

MY *Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty having ordered the Petty Officers and Foremastmen of his Majesty's Ship the Sunderland to be removed into the Duke at Spithead; and the Petty Officers and Foremastmen of the Colchester to be removed into the Cambridge, at the same Place; and the Leave of Absence which has been given to the said Men being extended by their Lordships to Saturday the 16th Instant, it is their Lordships strict Directions, that the said Petty Officers and Foremastmen do then immediately repair to Spithead on board the Ships they are ordered to be removed into, on pain not only of losing their Wages, but of being apprehended, and tried as Deserters.*

If the said Men apply to the Navy Board, they will be allowed Conduct Money, and Carriage for their Chests and Bedding to Portsmouth; and they will be paid their Wages for the Sunderland and Colchester, and also Two Months Wages Advance, before the Ships they will serve in proceed to Sea.

Tho. Corbett.

Bank, June 1, 1741.

WHereas JOHN WAITE, *late one of the Cashiers of the* Bank of England, *about Forty Years of Age, and about Five Foot Eight Inches high, well set, round visag'd, small grey Eyes, very light Eye-brows and Eye-lashes, and of a most remarkable fresh Complection, absented himself on Wednesday the 13th of May last from his Duty at the Bank, and is supposed to have secreted, or taken away with him from the Bank, East-India Bonds, amounting to a considerable Value;*

And whereas Warrants are issued for Apprehending and Taking the said John Waite, *This is to give Notice, That whoever shall apprehend and secure the said* John Waite, *to be dealt with according to Law, shall receive of the said Governor and Company the Sum of* Three hundred Pounds, *over and above the* Two hundred Pounds *offered in former Advertisements,* in the Whole FIVE HUNDRED POUNDS.

David Le Gros, *Secretary.*

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